## CRAFT BREWERS CONFERENCE

& BrewExpo America®

## Draught Beer Quality Workshop 2022



#CraftBrewersCon



## Winning On Premise



#### **Our Mission: Increase Volume of Beer Served from Kegs**







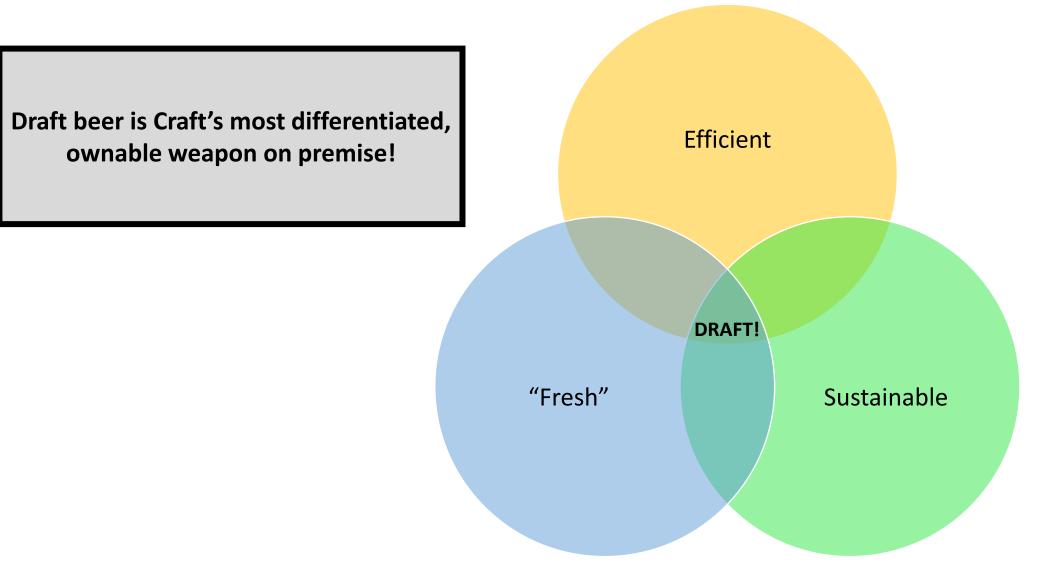






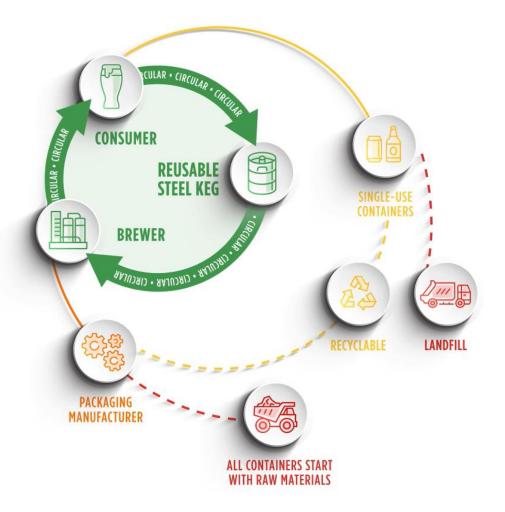


#### Just Because We're Biased, Doesn't Mean We're Wrong





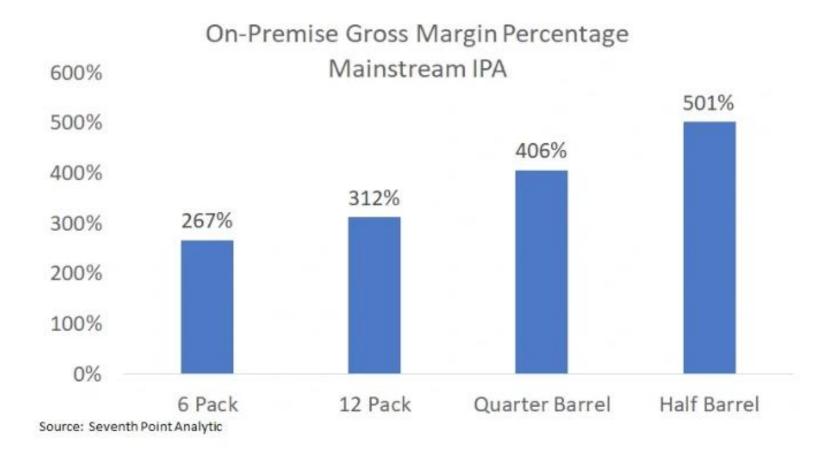
#### Draft is the most circular / sustainable choice on premise



#### **REUSABLE > RECYCLABLE > LANDFILL**

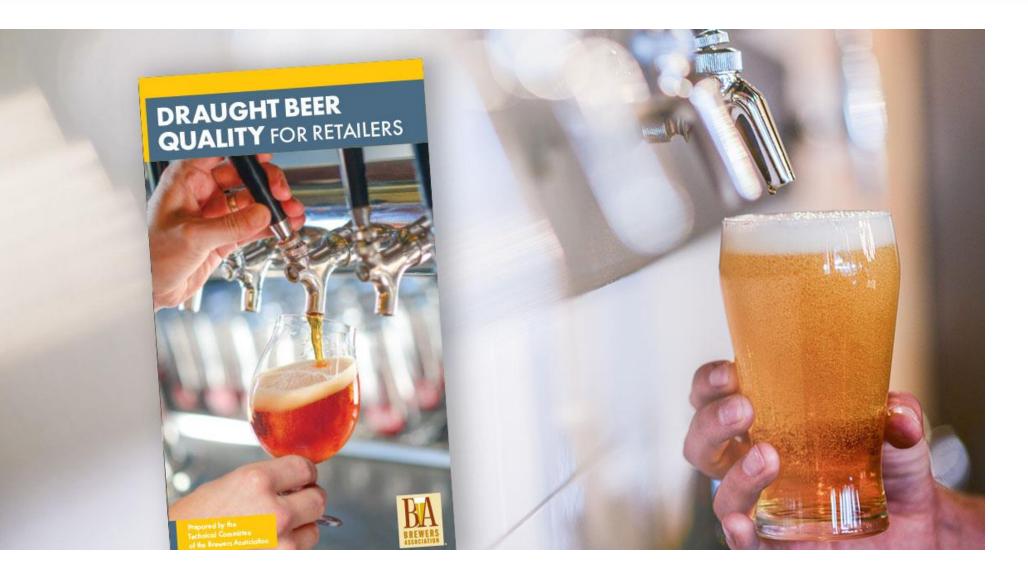


#### Resource Efficiency Frequently Correlates with Economic Efficiency





## Kegs Deliver a Uniquely Fresh Experience







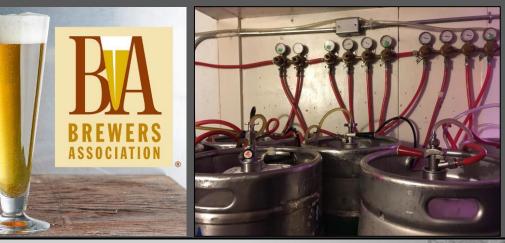
# Battling Biofilms in Beer Draught Lines

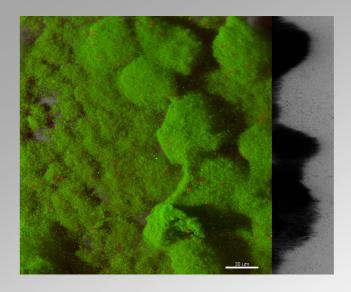


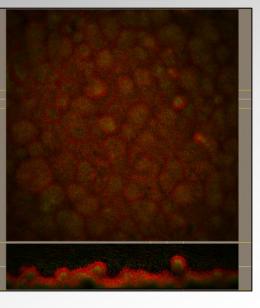
Research Professor of Regulatory Science darla\_g@montana.edu

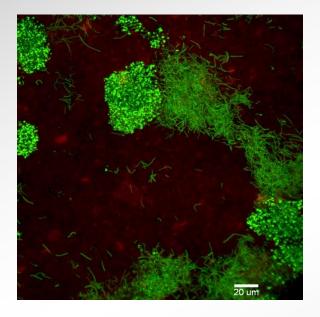
Center for Biofilm Engineering Montana State University

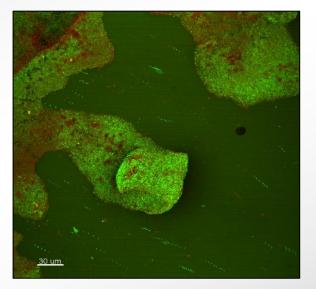


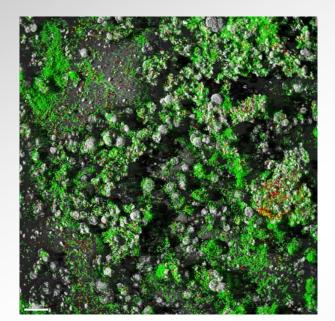












Biofilm bacteria are a selforganized, cooperative community of microorganisms embedded in a matrix of extracellular polymeric substances.



Detachment of clusters

**Biofilm streamers** 

Mature

Heterogeneity

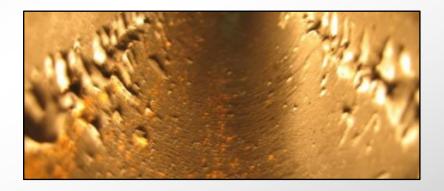
Aggregate migration Attachment Single cells Early structure

© 2003, Center for Biofilm Engineering at Montana State University

Seeding dispersal

## Why do we care about biofilm?

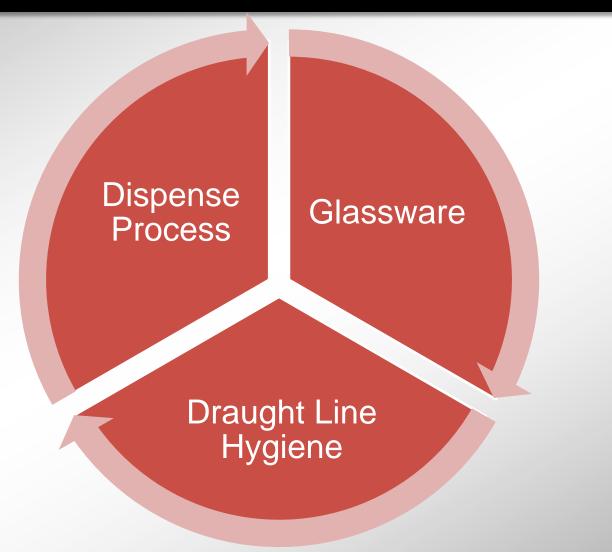
- Tolerant to antimicrobials
- Public health
- Structure & equipment degradation
- Safety
- Aesthetics & taste
- Bioremediation & biofuels



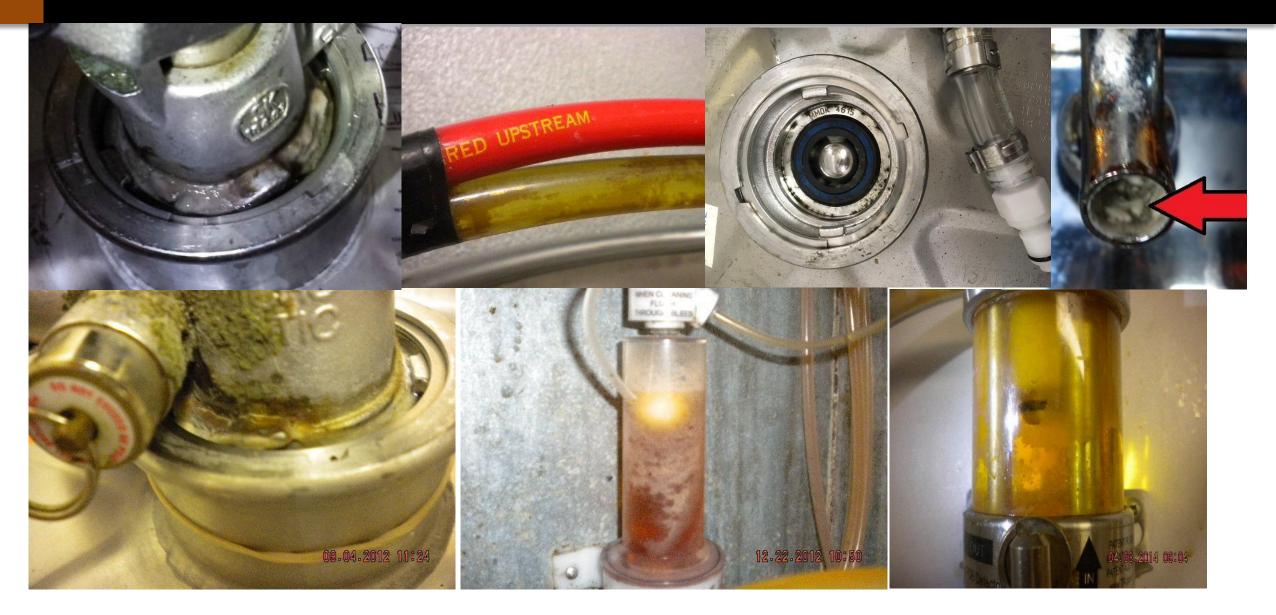




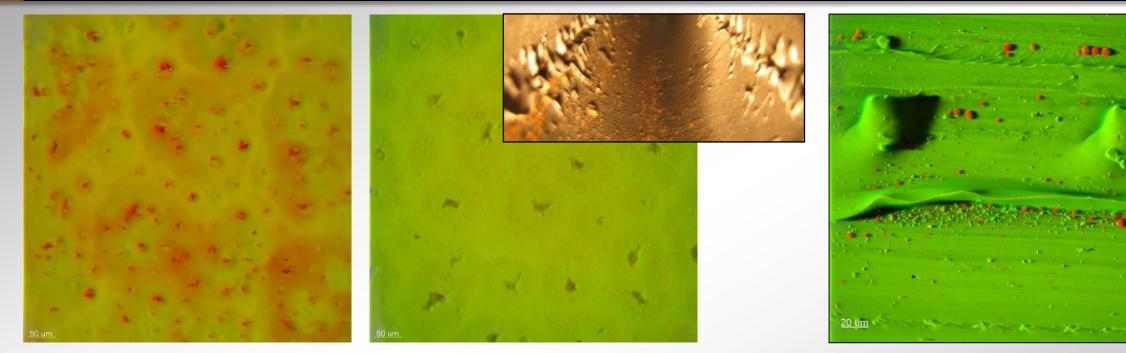
## **Great Tasting Beer**



## **Biofilm & Beer**



## **Biofilm grows in compromised tubing**

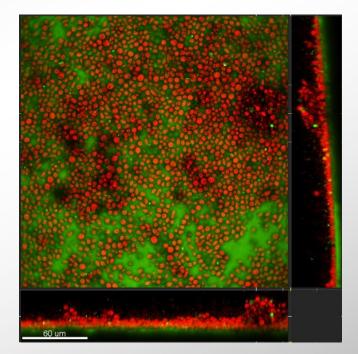


# Images of beer line tubing collected from a bar

Images of etched beer line tubing in the laboratory

## **Research Question**

- Does beer draught line tubing aged to simulate 1, 2 and 5 years of cleaning support more biofilm growth?
- Is the resulting biofilm more challenging to kill?



L. Miller, 2020

## **Age Vinyl Beer Tubing**



#### \*390 minutes \*\*60 minutes

## Inoculum

Prepared in Barney Miller Medium + pale ale beer:

- Pediococcus damnosus ATCC 29358
- Acetobacter aceti ATCC 15973
- Lactobacillus rhamnosus ATCC 8538

Prepared in Yeast Peptone Dextrose:

 Saccharomyces cerevisiae (Safale yeast packet)



Acetobacter aceti

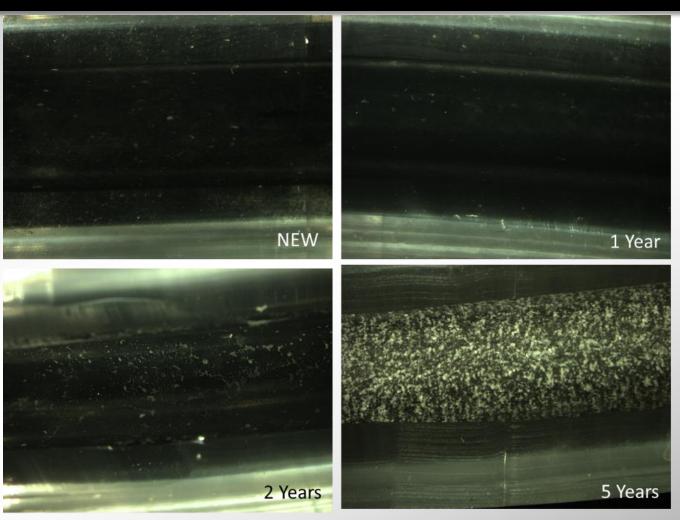
Incubated at 4 °C for 3 days. Target density = 10<sup>4</sup> – 10<sup>6</sup> CFU/mL

## **Experimental Design**

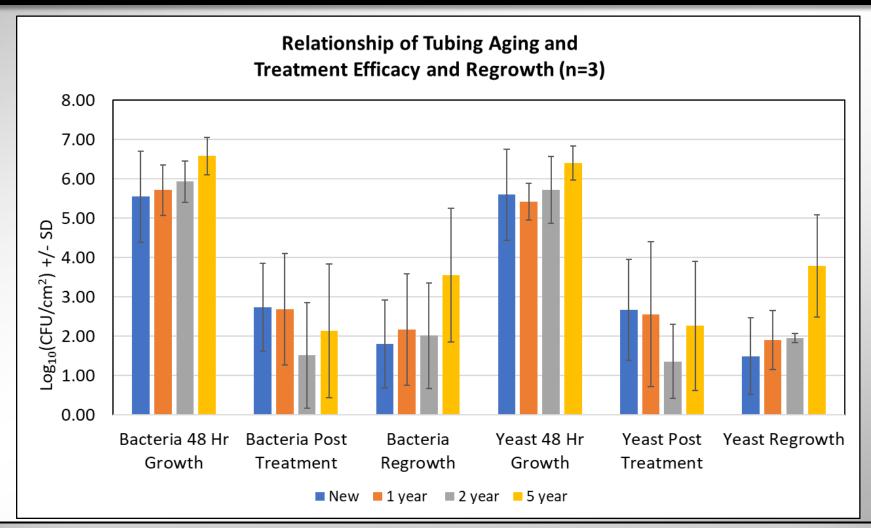




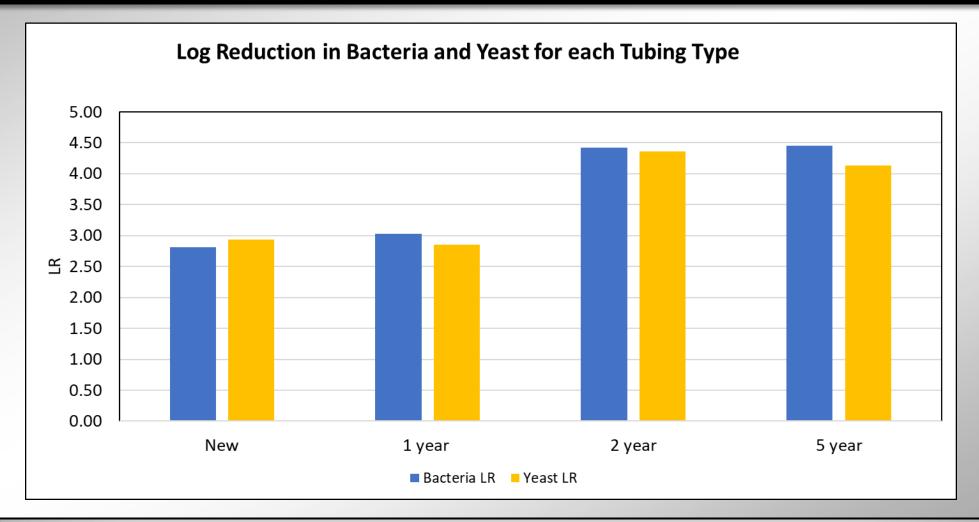
# Results: tubing visually changes after 2 years of simulated treatment



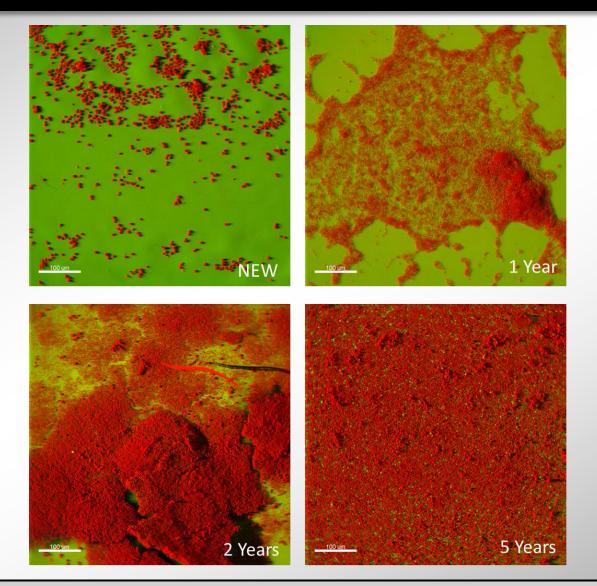
# Results: more biofilm harvested from aged tubing; more regrowth



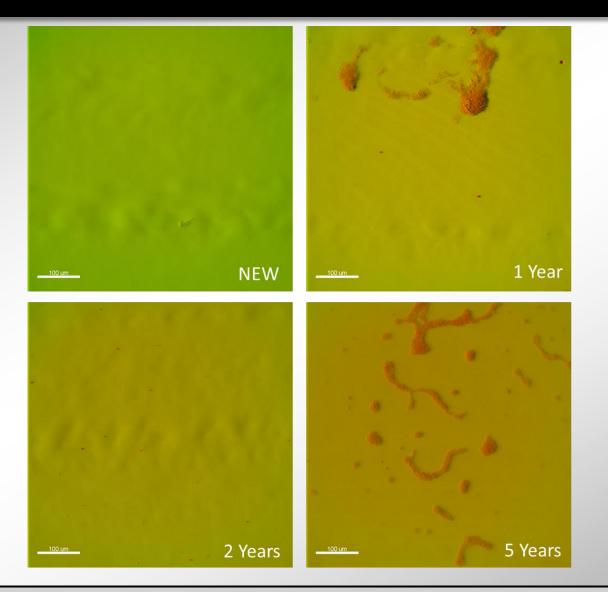
# Results: caustic was effective against biofilm in aged tubing



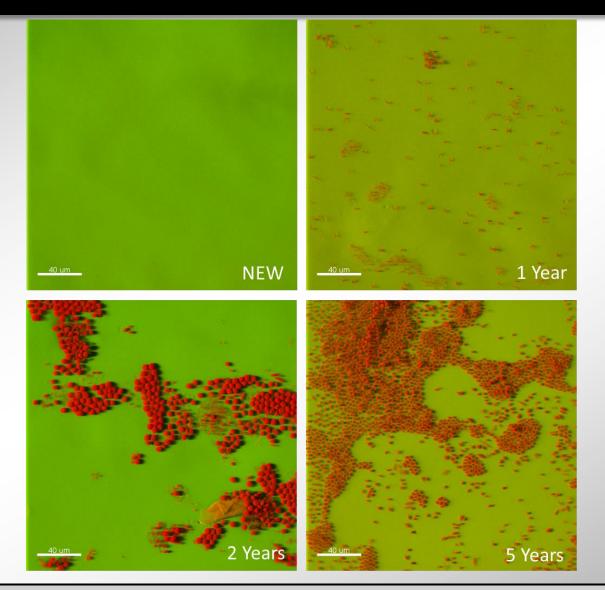
## **Images confirm plate counts: 48 hr growth**



## **Images confirm plate counts: following treatment**



## **Images confirm plate counts: regrowth**



## Summary

- Data demonstrated a trend between biofilm accumulation and age of tubing.
- Extended exposure to caustic and acid compromised tubing integrity.
- Caustic effectively killed/removed biofilm, regardless of tubing age.
- Biofilm recovered more quickly in aged tubing, suggesting the caustic will cease to be as effective as system ages.

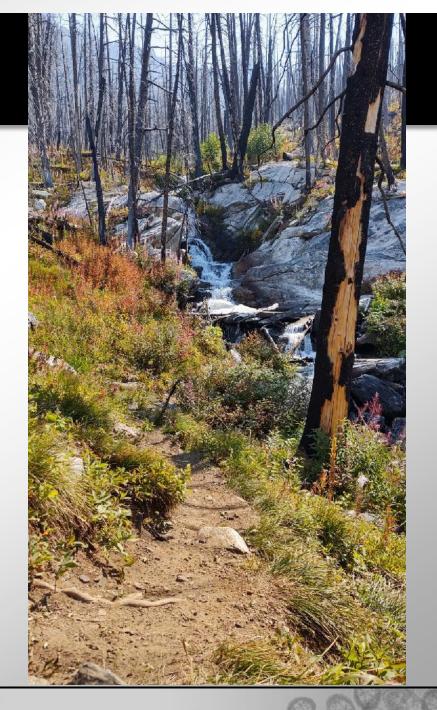
## Recommendations

- Always consider biocide and material compatibility
- Consider changing system components 'more frequently'
- Challenge the industry to develop a biosensor that monitors microbial contamination in real time to optimize cleaning protocols



## Path(s) Forward

- Prescriptive path follow best practices specified in the Draft Beer Quality Manual
- Performance path build consensus on clean-in-place performance standards for beer draught lines
  - Target level of: surface cleanliness, control, removal, and/or kill
  - Reporting guidelines
  - Testing guidelines



## Cheers





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